



Now let's end our session with the kinds of questions you'll be expected to answer on the final exam. (*Answers are given for teacher.*)

For 1-8, hand out small squares of paper or index cards and black markers and ask students to write a bold capital O on one side and a capital N on the other. Then tell them you will be giving them the name of a biblical book and ask them to identify the testament in which these books appear by showing the correct letter: O for Old Testament and N for New Testament.

1. Exodus (*O*)
 2. Luke (*N*)
 3. Isaiah (*O*)
 4. Matthew (*N*)
 5. Psalms (*O*)
 6. I Corinthians (*N*)
 7. 1 & 2 Kings (*O*)
 8. James (*N*)
9. In what language were the Old Testament books primarily written? (*Hebrew*)
10. In what language were the New Testament books primarily written? (*Greek*)
11. Which of the following books records a history of the early Christian Church?
 Acts Hebrews Romans
- 12-13. Which of the following are writings of prophets?
 Peter Jeremiah Timothy Isaiah
14. The beautiful book of prayers called the Psalms, and the wise sayings in the book of Proverbs are part of what major division of Old Testament writing? (*Wisdom literature*)
15. Which statement best describes how the Bible came to be? *Read all of them through twice; on the second time, ask for a show of hands for the correct one.*
- a. God dictated the Bible word for word and gave it to the disciples for their missionary work. (*No way!*)
 - b. The apostles wrote the four gospels. The letters came into the canon later. (*Actually, the letters of St. Paul to the Christian communities he was establishing precede the Gospels.*)
 - c. Jesus taught people from the Gospels. They were eventually accepted as the New Testament. (*No, the Gospels were written in the years following Jesus' death and resurrection.*)
 - d. Books and letters circulating for many years were accepted by the world Church, through the guidance of the Holy Spirit. (*Yes!*)