## A LIVING FAITH Lesson on CHRISTIAN COURAGE and BRAVERY (Trusting in God)

**Theme:** Christian Courage and Bravery; Fearless Trust in God

**Scripture:** Deuteronomy 31:6 "Be strong and of good courage, do not fear or be in dread of them: for it is the LORD your God who goes with you; he will not fail you or forsake you."

## Paree Looys!

Dear Sunday School Students,

The story of St. Sarkis the Warrior and his son Mardiros is a great example for us how to be courageous in our faith, be brave and trust our Lord Jesus Christ.

Sarkis was a Greek, and he was a proud, brave Christian who served as a Roman army officer during the reign of Emperor Constantine, in 4th century. Sarkis' valor, strength, and bravery earned him the rank of general.

Sarkis used his position of power, going from town to town purging the land of pagan idols, teaching the Gospel of Jesus Christ, and building churches where pagan temples once stood.

When Constantine died, Christianity throughout the region came under attack from the new Roman leader, Julian. Under his leadership, pagans set about destroying churches and persecuting Christians.

Seeing this, Sarkis prayed. Our Lord Jesus Christ appeared to him and said, "It is time for you to leave your country and your clan, as did Abraham the Patriarch, and go to a country which I will show you. There you will receive the crown of righteousness prepared for you."

Sarkis left behind his noble title and power and headed with his son, Mardiros, to Armenia, where they were welcomed by King Diran, grandson of King Drtad.

While Sarkis and Mardiros were in Armenia, the Emperor Julian, attempting to take over the known world, continued to move East. Whenever the Roman army came upon Christians, they were instantly executed. Many people fled the invading armies. King Diran urged Sarkis to escape and seek refuge among the Persians.

When Sarkis and his son arrived in Persia, King Shapur, hearing of his bravery, appointed him a commander of the Persian military. As he continued to be victorious in battle, Sarkis also continued to give the credit to God.

When Julian's troops started raiding lands near King Shapur's kingdom, Sarkis was sent to defend the territory. Outnumbered by Julian's forces, Sarkis' troops were frightened. He told them that if they believed in the Creator of heaven and earth, their hearts would never be shaken. Many of his soldiers were baptized by the priests traveling with the army, and they succeeded in fending off a Roman attack.

Some of Sarkis' soldiers, who had not been baptized, went to King Shapur and told him that Sarkis was



rebelling against the Persian ruler by preaching belief in Jesus. The king called Sarkis back to the palace, where he, his son, and the newly-baptized soldiers were expected to attend a feast honoring the pagan gods.

At the temple, the king asked Sarkis to offer a sacrifice to the pagan gods. Sarkis refused, saying he would only worship the one, true God. The king began to criticize Sarkis and his faith. But Sarkis could not tolerate such talk, and rebelled by knocking down the temple idols. The king and his followers were enraged by Sarkis' actions, so they executed his son, Mardiros, before his eyes.

The king then ordered Sarkis imprisoned. In prison, Sarkis was strengthened by his relationship with the Lord. King Shapur heard of this and ordered Sarkis' execution.

At his execution, Sarkis began to pray. An angel descended from heaven and told him, "Be strong. Do not fear the killers of your body; for the gate of the Kingdom of Heaven is open for you." Upon seeing the angel and understanding the power of everlasting life, many of the pagans who had gathered for the execution became Christians.

Sarkis made one last passionate plea for people to accept Jesus Christ and then was executed.

His loyal Christian soldiers retrieved Sarkis' body and wrapped it in clean linen with the intention of burying his body honorably. When King Shapur heard of this reverence, he ordered the soldiers executed as well. Eventually, Christians found Sarkis' body and it was sent to Assyria, where it remained until the 5th Century when Mesrob Mashdots received his remains and moved them to Armenia.

This is a powerful and moving story of a Christian hero who can be a great example of bravery and faith in our own life.

Prayer: Heavenly Father, thank you for giving us such great heroes as St. Sarkis. We promise to be courageous in our lives and always trust your love, power and guidance. Amen